Putting it All Together – Gradual release of responsibility

The purpose of immersing and demonstrating for children using different instructional strategies is to move children towards independently using language for different purposes, applying reading and writing strategies on their own, and thinking critically about texts.

The gradual release of responsibility from the educator to the child in kindergarten is described in a variety of resources, but is most explicitly

addressed in the National Association for the Education of Young Children's resource: *Teaching andlearning in the kindergarten year*.⁴⁶ The following chart has been adapted from this resource and infused with ideas from this ETFO document. The shaded areas indicate where the scaffolding takes place. These shaded areas are critical stages that must be given thorough attention in order for the child to move to independence with confidence. The child needs to feel that the task is doable, worthwhile, safe, and can be accomplished with some guarantee of literacy success.

High level of educator support —————> Scaffolding ————> Low level of educator support			
l do you watch	I do you help	You do I help	You do I watch
Read aloud	Shared reading	Guided reading	Independent reading
Educator reads Dennis	The poem is printed out	Educator hands the	Children read the poem
Lee's Alligator Pie several	on chart paper. Children	pointer to individual	during 'Read the Room'
times to children from	all chime in while the	children (line-by-line)	activities and it is
an anthology. Children	educator points to words.	and they read the line	included in their poetry
'chime in' orally to parts		by themselves, with	book that is sent home
they remember.		educator's help as	each week for children
		needed.	to read to parents.
Read aloud	Shared reading	Guided reading	Independent reading
Educator reads from	After several read alouds,	Educator begins the story,	Children choose
predictable texts, such	educator encourages	then asks individual	to read the story,
as Sue Williams: I Went	children to chime in	children to read individual	independently in the
Walking, pointing to	orally to repetitive	lines. Guided reading	reading corner, or
words while reading.	patterns.	can also be done in small	during independent
		groups, using books	reading time.
		matched closely to	
		children's developmental	
		level.	

Educator goes to dramatic play centre (beauty parlour/barber), asks for appointment, and helps children find appointment book and write in appointment times. Educator signs her name next to an appointment time and then sits down, picks up a magazine, and reads while waiting for her appointment. While having her haircut, the educator engages in polite conversation with the beautician/barber. She then pays for her haircut, and thanks everyone who helped her.

High level of educator support ————————————————————————————————————				
Read aloud/reading response Prior to reading <i>Koala Lou</i> by Mem Fox, the educator accesses children's prior knowledge about experiences with competitions and with younger siblings.	Shared Response Educator reads book again, asks children to be ready to share how they would feel if they were <i>Koala Lou</i> . Educator writes some of the words associated with feelings on a chart.	Guided Response Educator asks children to turn and talk to their Talking Buddy about how they would feel as <i>Koala</i> <i>Lou.</i> Educator adds more words to chart, if they are generated during this time.	Independent Response Children are invited to draw a picture of Koala Lou (or themselves in similar situation), and write how Koala Lou (or they) felt. <i>sh flt sad. KL</i> <i>flt hpy wn hr mom hgd</i> <i>hr. I flt lonely.</i>	
Write aloud Educator models a chart story of an experience after a trip to the pet store. <i>Ms liked the</i> <i>big snake.</i>	Shared writing Educator invites a child to contribute a story, and asks for help in identifying how to write a child's name or that of a favourite pet.	Interactive writing Educator invites a child to come up and write their own sentence or parts of it on chart paper or some words, following the model.	Independent writing Each child is asked to write their own sentence (as able), and make a picture for a class big book.	
Model Writing Educator models writing a thank-you note to the pet store owner, letting children hear the thinking process.	Shared writing Educator asks children for input as she continues to write the letter. "What letter should I use for the sound in this word?", "How would I say that?"	Interactive writing Educator asks individual children to write some of the words in the letter.	Independent writing All children sign the letter. They are each encouraged to write their own response letters, with pictures, to the pet store owner.	
Storydrama Educator models the retelling of a story with the entire class, encouraging children to assume roles.	Puppet/Storytelling Centre Educator gets in role along with interested children and models retelling a familiar story with props.	Puppet/Storytelling Centre Children put on puppet play, retelling with props while the educator supports and watches from the side.	Puppet/Storytelling Centre Children re-enact stories independently without educator support.	
Educator models literacy role* at dramatic play centre.	Educator assumes literacy role** at centre, asks for help.	Child assumes literacy role*** at centre, educator helps.	Children assume literacy role**** independently.	

** Educator encourages another child to follow her model as a customer and helps child be the 'receptionist', if necessary. Educator models, as necessary, to move the 'action' along.

*** Children assume roles of customer, receptionist, or beautician/barber, and educator stays on sidelines to help if necessary.

**** Children assume roles independently during activity time.